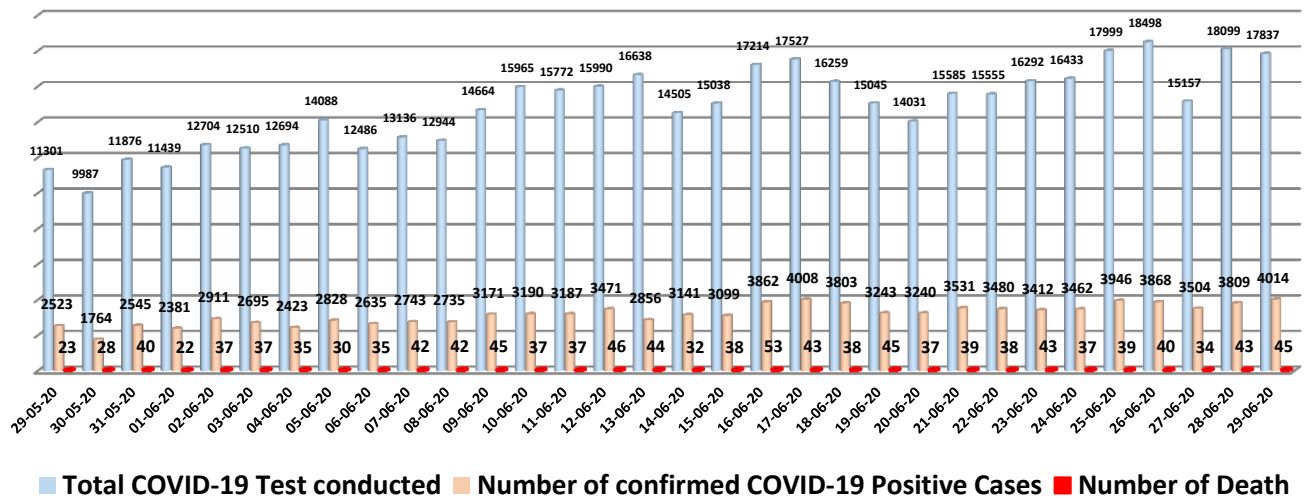


Situation Update on COVID-19: 28 June 2020

The COVID-19 pandemic has already been shaped a global economic and humanitarian crisis of a completely different magnitude. Declared as a global pandemic by the World Health Organization (WHO), it has prepared several guidelines to fight against pandemic. Governments across the world enforce lockdowns to suppress the spread of Covid-19 although many countries have been unable to contain its spread. However, it has been detected in **213** countries so far. The COVID-19 has already resulted in **504,965** deaths globally; the confirmed COVID-19 positive cases are **10,272,143** where **4,193,629** are the active cases¹.

Bangladesh is not new to disasters or major humanitarian crises. The COVID-19 pandemic, however, is a crisis of a completely different magnitude and one that will require a response of an unprecedented scale. The first case of Covid-19 in Bangladesh was detected on 8 March 2020. However, the confirmed COVID-19 positive cases are increasing on a daily basis. Compare to the total conducted test of COVID-19, **22.50%** is tested positive today, on the one hand. The recovery rate is **2.50%** out of total **82,238** active cases. Moreover, **1,070** deaths were recorded from 8th March to 13th June with COVID-19 symptoms². To control the situation and the spread of COVID-19, the government has taken several measures which include confirmed Social and Physical Distancing, Countrywide Lockdown, Institutional and Home Quarantines etc.

The COVID-19 Update of Bangladesh: 29 June 2020



For COVID-19 related any emergency, please contact below numbers:

National Call Center: 333; Health Portal: 16263; IEDCR: 10655; Specialist Health Line: 0196116 77777; National Helpline: 109; Website: www.corona.gov.bd or www.iedcr.gov.bd

¹<https://www.worldometers.info/coronavirus/#countries>

²<http://peaceobservatory-cgs.org/#/all-division-heat-map>

| <i>The most Common COVID-19 myths and rumours</i> | <i>Facts³</i> |
|---|--|
| <i>Hydroxychloroquine can be used to treat COVID-19 Patients.</i> | <i>There are currently NO drugs licensed for the treatment or prevention of COVID-19.</i> |
| <i>Adding pepper to your soup or other meals can prevent or cure COVID-19.</i> | <i>Hot peppers in your food, though very tasty, CANNOT prevent or cure COVID-19.</i> |
| <i>COVID-19 IS transmitted through houseflies.</i> | <i>NO, there is no evidence or information to suggest that the COVID-19 virus transmitted through houseflies.</i> |
| <i>Spraying and introducing bleach or another disinfectant into your body will protect you against COVID-19.</i> | <i>NO, it does not protect you. These substances can be poisonous if ingested and cause irritation and damage to your skin and eyes.</i> |
| <i>Drinking methanol, ethanol or bleach prevents or cure COVID-19.</i> | <i>Methanol, ethanol, and bleach CANNOT prevent or cure COVID-19. These are poisons can be extremely dangerous.</i> |
| <i>5G mobile networks spread COVID-19.</i> | <i>Viruses CANNOT travel on radio waves/mobile networks. COVID-19 is spreading in many countries that do not have 5G mobile networks.</i> |
| <i>Exposing yourself to the sun or to temperatures higher than 25C degrees prevents the coronavirus disease (COVID-19)</i> | <i>NO, you can catch COVID-19, no matter how sunny or hot the weather is.</i> |
| <i>Being able to hold your breath for 10 seconds or more without coughing or feeling discomfort means you are free from the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) or any other lung disease.</i> | <i>You CANNOT confirm it with this breathing exercise, which can even be dangerous.</i> |
| <i>Drinking alcohol protects you against COVID-19 and can be dangerous.</i> | <i>NO, it cannot protect you against COVID-19. Frequent or excessive alcohol consumption can increase your risk of health problems.</i> |
| <i>Taking a hot bath prevents the new coronavirus disease.</i> | <i>Taking a hot bath WILL NOT prevent you from catching COVID-19.</i> |
| <i>The new coronavirus can be transmitted through mosquito bites.</i> | <i>NO, to date there has been no information nor evidence to suggest that the new coronavirus could be transmitted by mosquitoes.</i> |
| <i>Are hand dryers effective in killing the new coronavirus?</i> | <i>NO. Hand dryers are not effective in killing the 2019-nCoV</i> |
| <i>Ultra-violet (UV) lamps can disinfect hands or other areas of your skin.</i> | <i>Ultra-violet (UV) lamps SHOULD NOT be used. UV radiation can cause skin irritation and damage your eyes.</i> |
| <i>Thermal scanners can detect COVID-19.</i> | <i>Thermal scanners are effective in detecting people who have a fever. They CANNOT detect people who are infected with COVID-19.</i> |
| <i>Do vaccines against pneumonia protect you against the new coronavirus?</i> | <i>NO, Vaccines against pneumonia, such as pneumococcal vaccine and Haemophilus influenza type B (Hib) vaccine, do not provide protection against the new coronavirus.</i> |
| <i>Can regularly rinsing your nose with saline help prevent infection with the new coronavirus?</i> | <i>NO. There is no evidence that regularly rinsing the nose with saline has protected people from infection with the new coronavirus.</i> |
| <i>Can eating garlic help prevent infection with the new coronavirus?</i> | <i>Garlic is a healthy food that may have some antimicrobial properties. However, there IS NO EVIDENCE from the current outbreak that eating garlic has protected people from the new coronavirus.</i> |
| <i>Does the new coronavirus affect older people, or are younger people also susceptible?</i> | <i>PEOPLE OF ALL AGES CAN BE INFECTED BY THE NEW CORONAVIRUS (2019-NCOV). Older people, and people with pre-existing medical conditions (such as asthma, diabetes, heart disease) appear to be more vulnerable to becoming severely ill with the virus.</i> |
| <i>Are antibiotics effective in preventing and treating the new coronavirus?</i> | <i>NO, antibiotics do not work against viruses, only bacteria.</i> |

³ World Health Organization